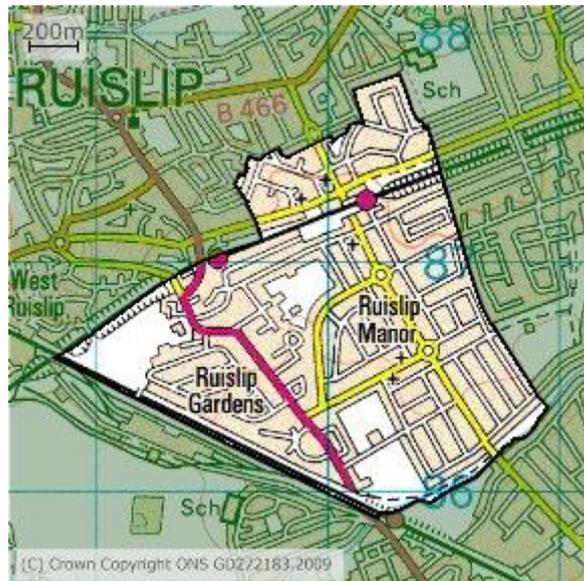




HILLINGDON
LONDON

Manor Ward Profile

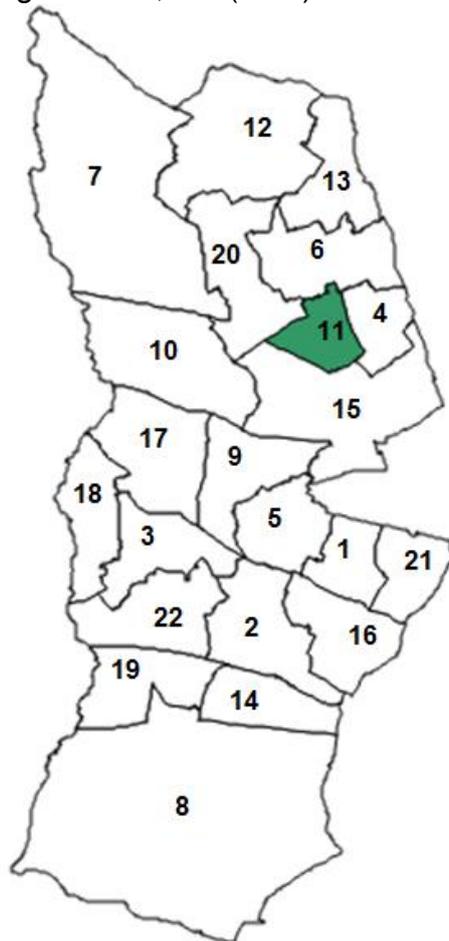


**Business Performance Team
Residents Services**

February 2018

Hillingdon at a glance, 2017

- **Population** – comparing the 2011 Census figures with those with GLA Interim 2015-based population projections, the borough's population in 2017 has increased by approximately 10.9% (from 273,936 to 303,870); by comparison London's population has increased by 8.5%. Over half of Hillingdon's 44.6 square miles is a mosaic of countryside including canals, rivers, parks and woodland. Hillingdon has an average of 25.9 people per hectare; this is the third lowest population density among London boroughs.
- **Gender** – 152,246 of borough residents are male and 151,624 are female.
- **Age** – 21.7% of the borough population is under 16, 6.1% over 75 and 72.1% aged 16-74 (this is defined as working age).
- **Ethnicity** - Hillingdon's White British population decreased from 73% in the 2001 Census to 52% in the 2011 Census; Hillingdon's BAME population increased from 27% to 48% in the same period. Current data (from the Greater London Authority 2015 Round Trend-based Ethnic Group Population Projections) shows that Hillingdon's White British population in 2017 is 43% and the BAME population is 57%.
- **Religion**¹ - the predominant religions in the borough at 2011 are Christian – 134,813 (49.2%), Muslim – 29,065 (10.6%), Hindu – 22,033 (8%) and Sikh – 18,230 (6.7%), we also have a large percentage of residents stating 'no religion' – 46,492 (17%) and other – 23,303 (8.5%).



1. Barnhill
2. Botwell
3. Brunel
4. Cavendish
5. Charville
6. Eastcote & East Ruislip
7. Harefield
8. Heathrow Villages
9. Hillingdon East
10. Ickenham
11. **Manor**
12. Northwood
13. Northwood Hills
14. Pinkwell
15. South Ruislip
16. Townfield
17. Uxbridge North
18. Uxbridge South
19. West Drayton
20. West Ruislip
21. Yeading
22. Yiewsley

¹ Religion statistics are based on Census 2011 data (latest data)

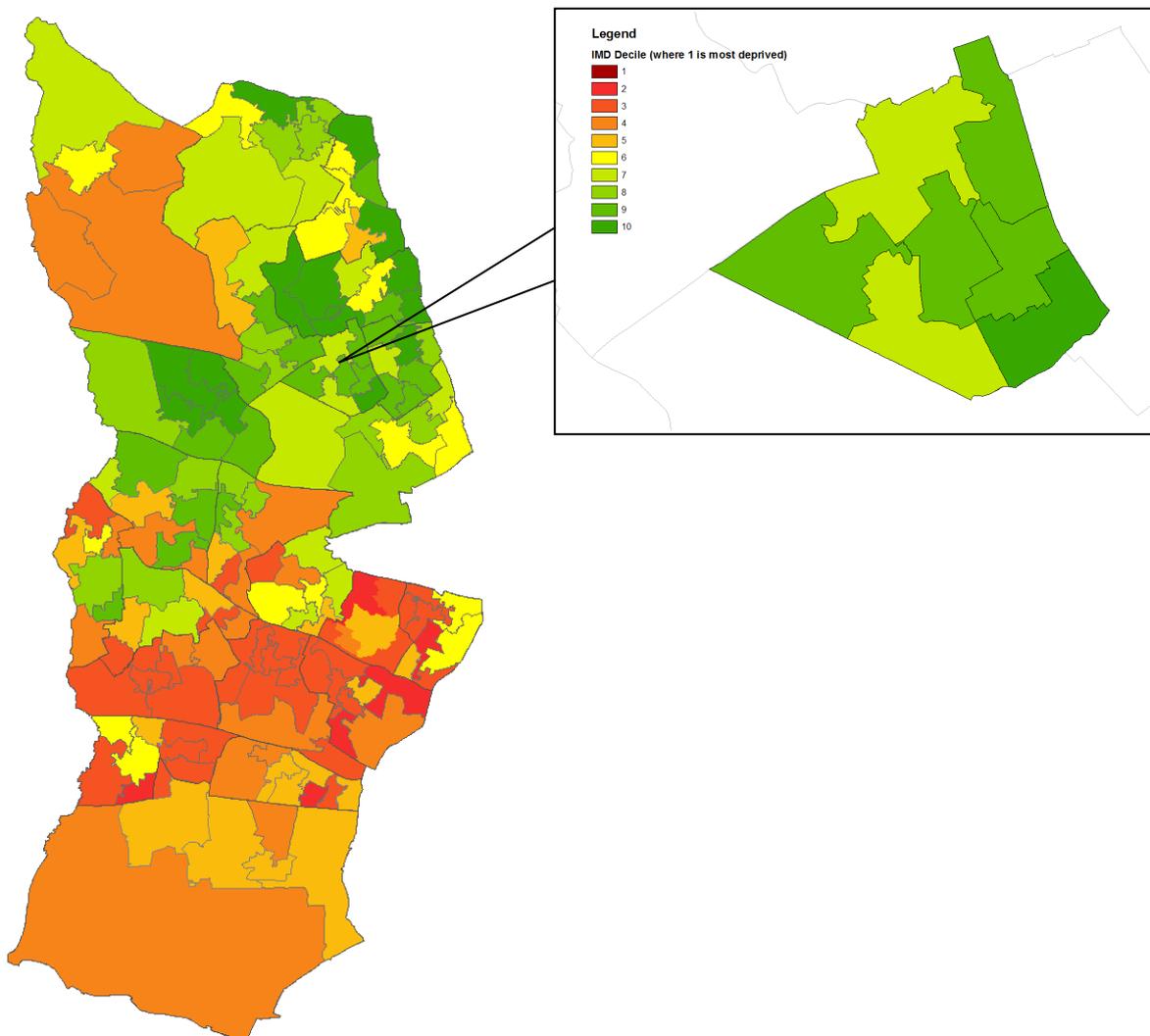
Manor Ward

Manor lies in the north of Hillingdon and is bordered by Eastcote & East Ruislip, West Ruislip, Cavendish and South Ruislip.

In 2017², Manor's population is 12,106 residents, an increase of 5.8% since 2011 (11,442); this is lower than the 10.9% increase for Hillingdon overall. Manor is made up of 197.4 hectares (2 km^{sq}), with 61.3 people per hectare (6,133 per km^{sq}). The average number of people per household is 2.6³.

Deprivation

The 2015 Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) calculate local measures of deprivation and indicates where each small area is ranked in relation to the whole of England. The map below shows patterns of deprivation within Manor, which is made up of seven LSOAs⁴.

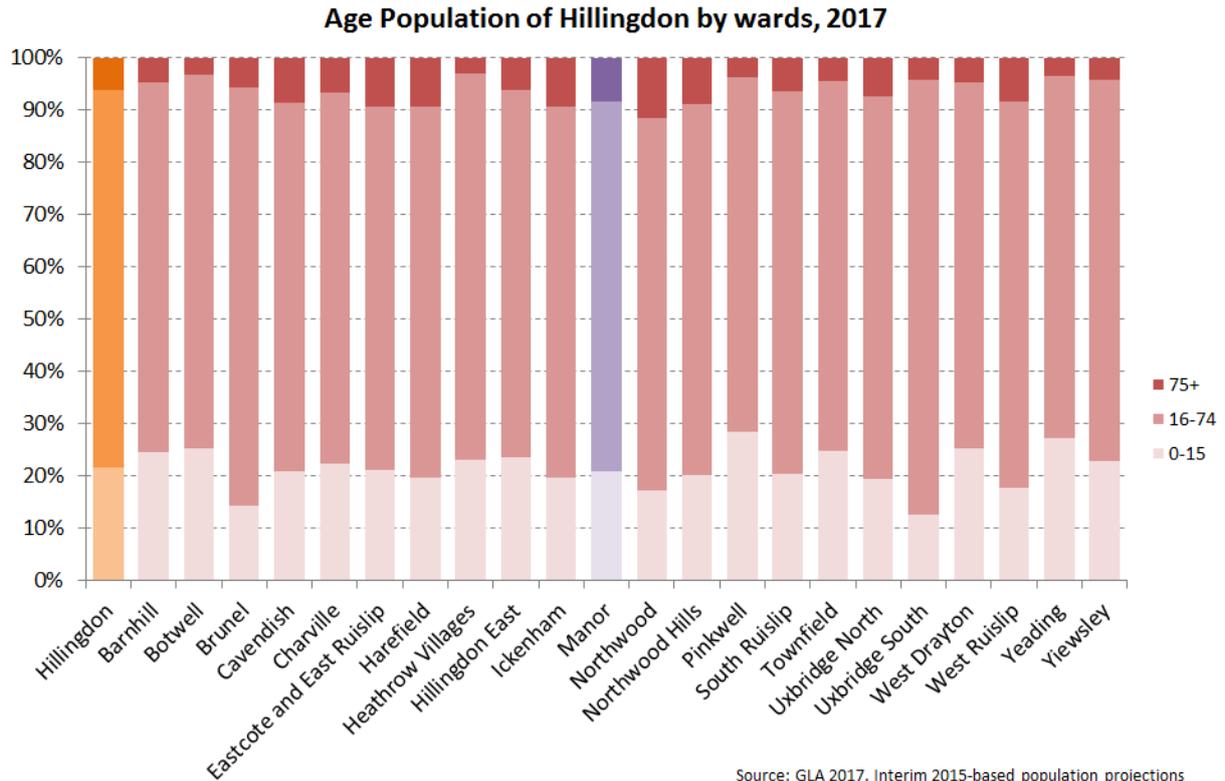


² According to GLA Interim 2015-based population projections

³ People per household statistics are based on 2011 Census data / latest population and ward properties

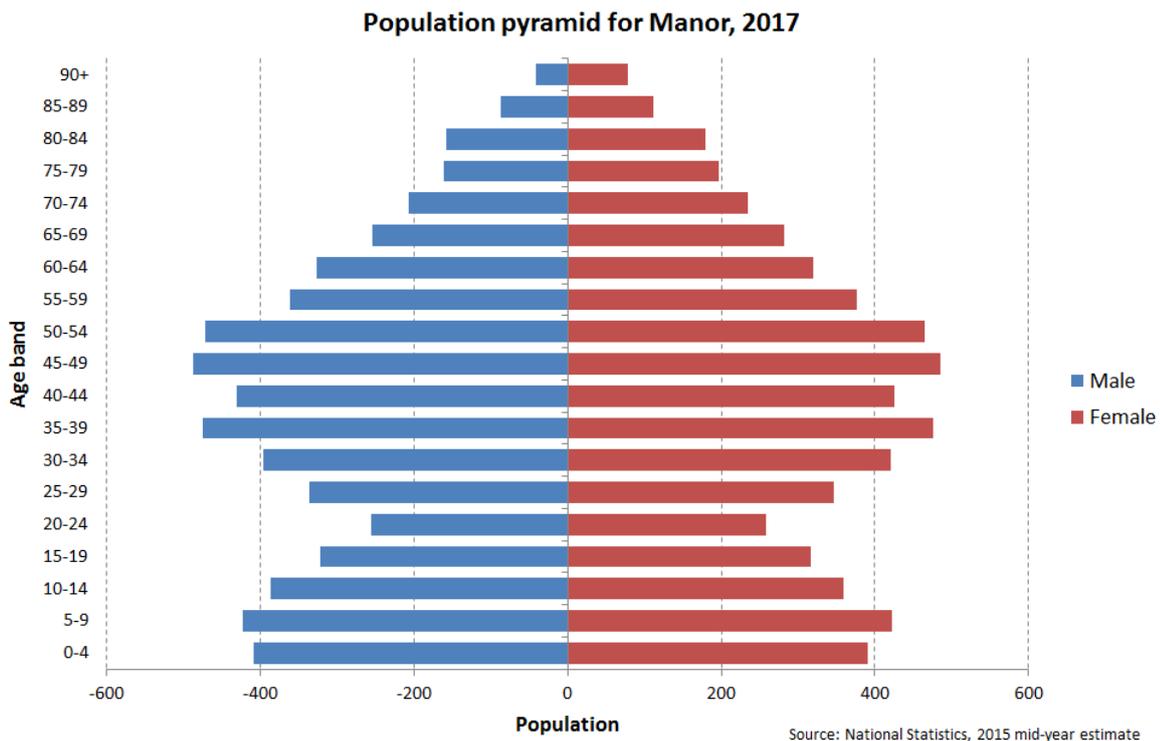
⁴ A Lower Layer Super Output Area (LSOA) is a geographic area. Lower Layer Super Output Areas are a geographic hierarchy designed to improve the reporting of small area statistics in England and Wales.

Ward Population:



The chart above shows that 20.8% of Manor residents are under the age of 16. 70.8% of residents fall into the working age bracket (defined as a resident aged between 16 and 74) and the remaining 8.4% are over the age of 75.

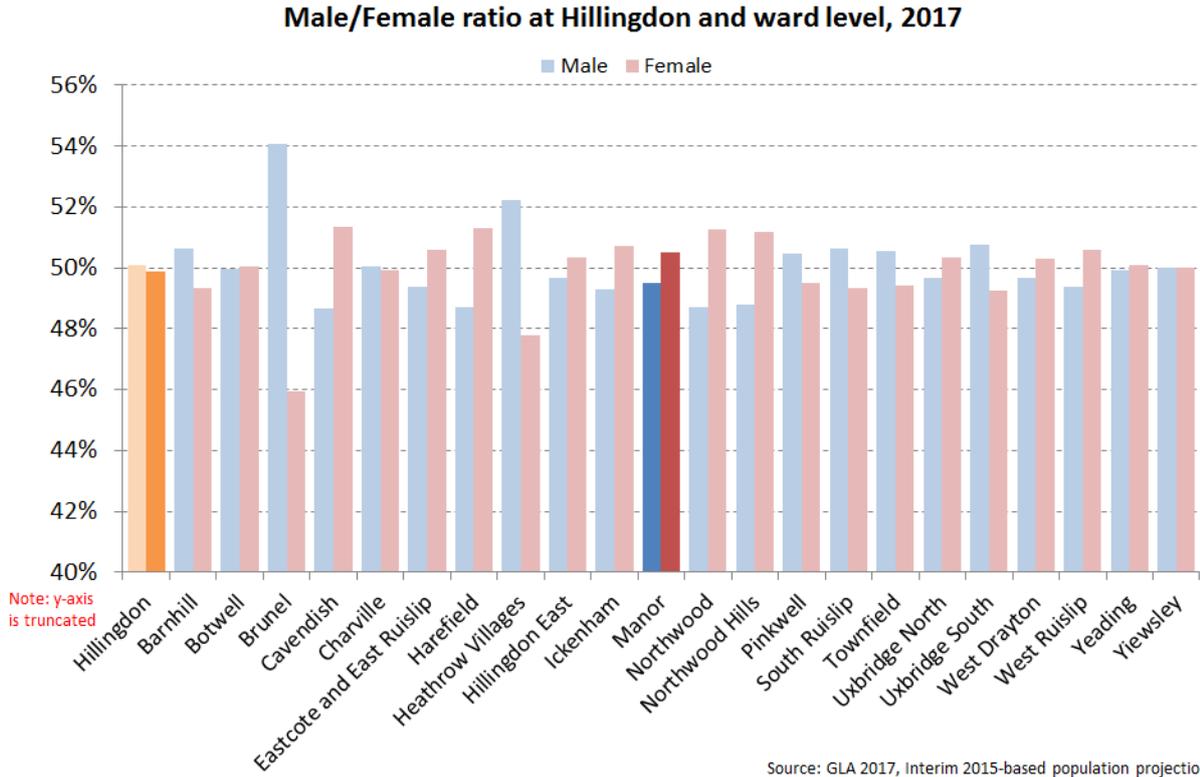
The chart below shows that in Manor, there are higher numbers of males and females in the 45-49 age bracket when compared to other age groups.



Gender

The proportion of **men to women** in the ward shows that there is difference in gender by 49.5% to 50.5%. This is a small change from 2011 when there was a 48.7% to 51.3% male to female ratio in the ward; so overall the proportion of men has increased relative to decrease in women.

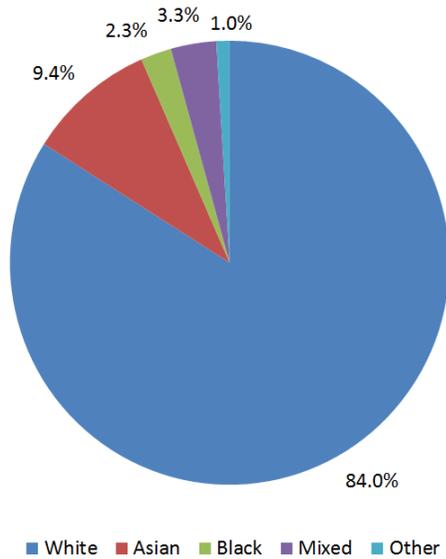
The chart below shows male/female ratios in Hillingdon and ward level:



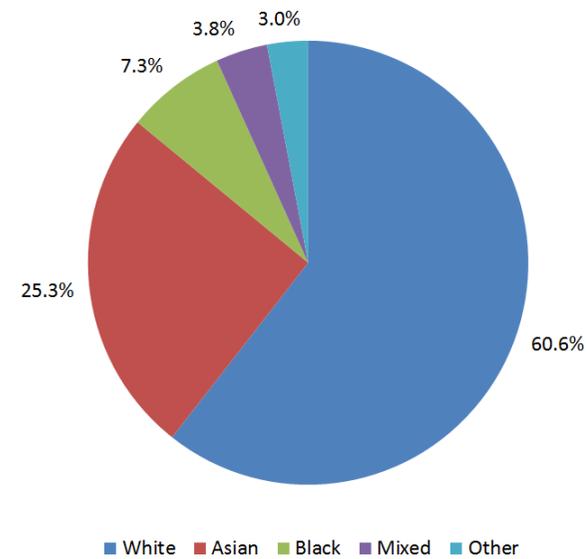
Ethnic make up 2011⁵

In the 2011 census, 84.0% of Manor residents identified themselves as White British background (this includes English, Northern Irish, Scottish, Welsh, Irish, Gypsy or Irish Traveller and Other White). 3.3% from Mixed / Multiple Ethnic groups, 9.4% from Asian / Asian British background (including Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi and Chinese), 2.3% from Black / African / Caribbean / Black British backgrounds and 1.0% from other ethnic backgrounds (including Arab).

Manor, Ethnic makeup 2011:



Hillingdon, Ethnic makeup 2011:



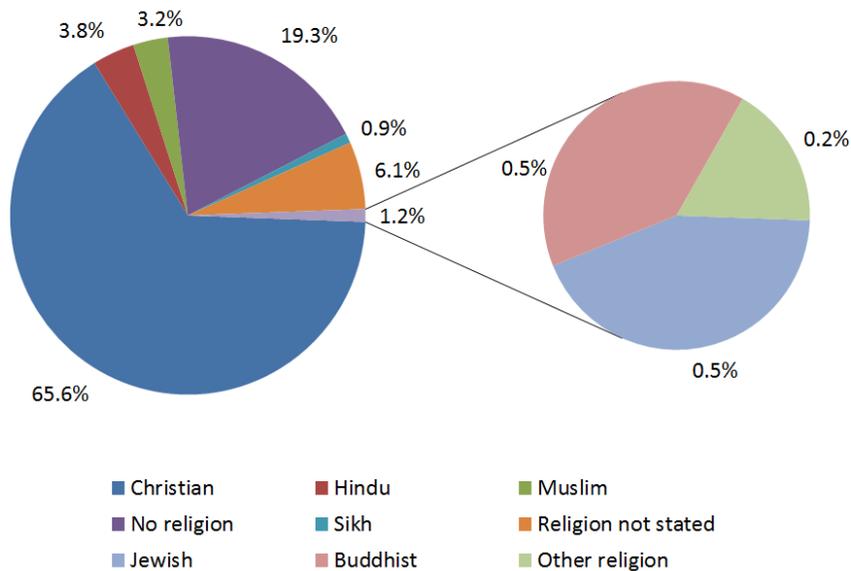
⁵ Ethnicity statistics at ward level are based on Census 2011 (latest data)

Religion⁶

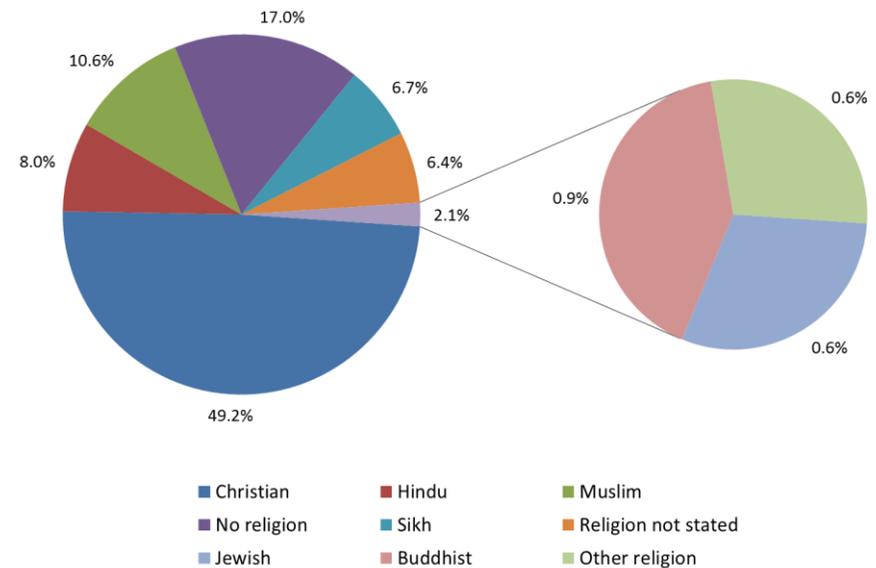
Christianity is the predominant religion in the ward with 65.6% from this faith. 3.8% are Hindu, 3.2% are Muslim and 19.3% have no religion. 6.1% chose not to state a religion (the question was voluntary).

The charts below show the complete breakdown for the ward in comparison to Hillingdon at the time of census 2011:

Manor, Religion 2011:



Hillingdon, Religion 2011:

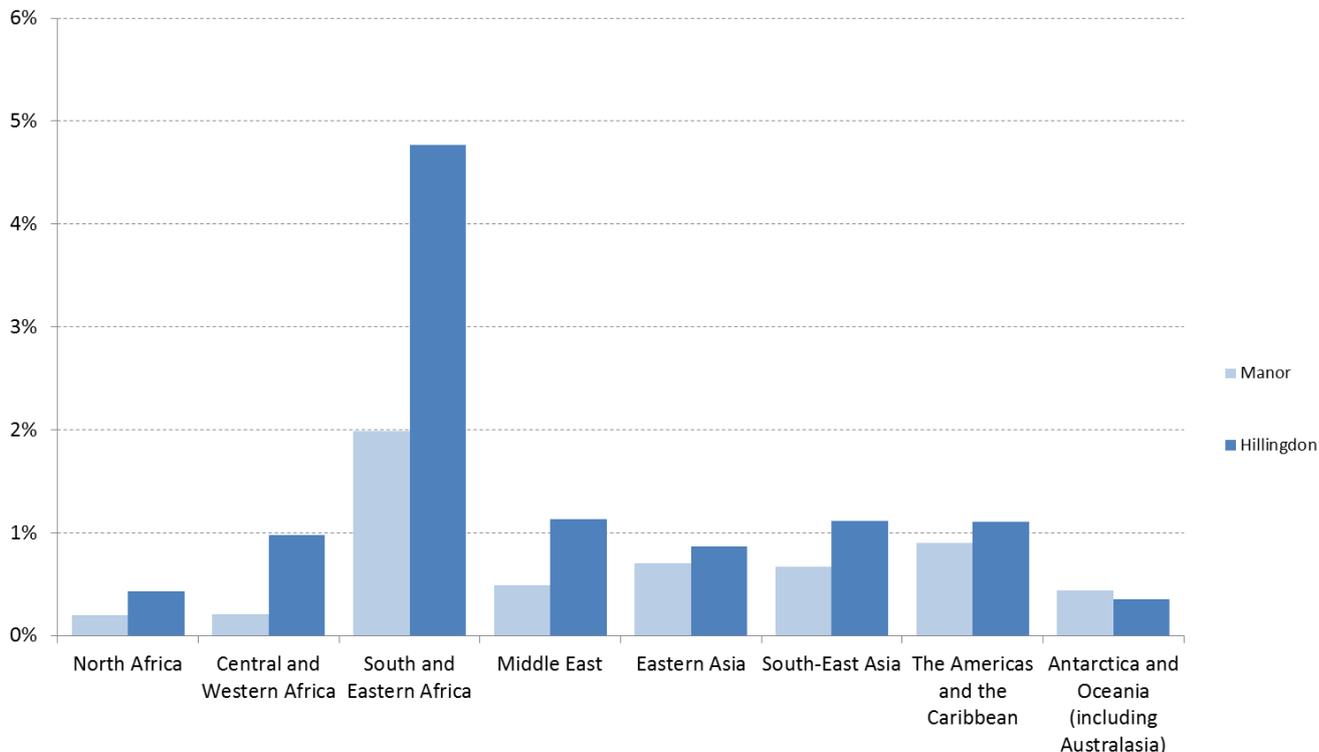


⁶ Religion statistics are based on Census 2011 data (latest data)

Country of Birth⁷

Of those living in Manor, 90.9% were **born** in Europe (with 83.8% in the UK), 5.1% in the Middle East / Asia, 2.4% in Africa, and 1.6% in the Americas, Caribbean or Australasia. In Manor, 16.2% were **born** outside of the UK (with 83.8% in the UK).

Country of birth, excluding UK, Europe and South Asia *



* Graph does not include Southern Asia due to high percentage: Hillingdon 11.25% and Manor 3.2%

Source: NOMIS, Country of birth from 2011 Census

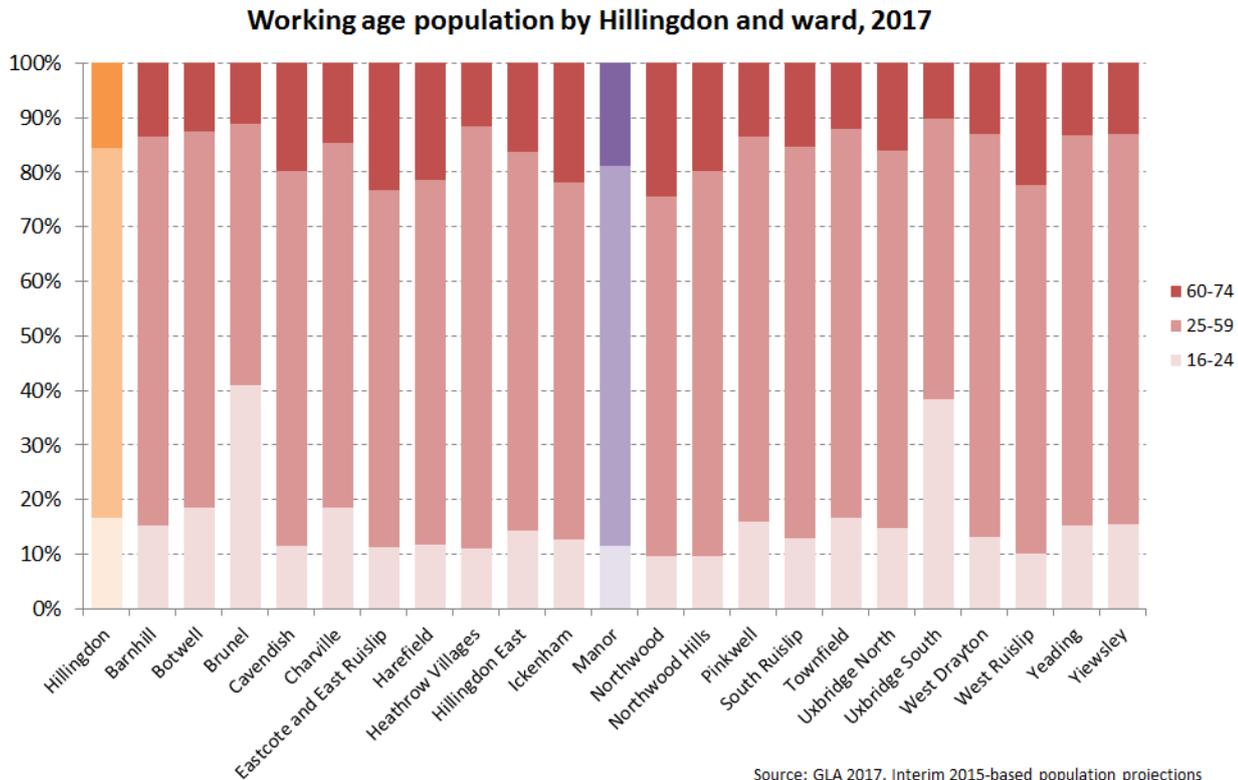
The preferred **language** in the ward is English with 92.9% residents stating this as their main language; of the remaining 7.1% the majority speak English 'very well' or 'well'. Only 121 residents (15.4% of those where English is not their main language) state they cannot speak English well or at all⁸.

Apart from English, the most spoken languages in the ward are Gujarati (77 residents, 0.7%) and Polish (115 residents, 1%).

⁷ Country of Birth statistics are based on Census 2011 data (latest data at ward level)

⁸ Language statistics are based on residents aged 3 and over (for Manor this is 10,994)

Working age breakdown (ages 16-74):



In Manor, the working age population of those in the age bracket 16-24 make up 11.6% of the ward population, whilst the 25-59 age group make up 69.5%, the remaining 18.9% are from the 60-74 age group.

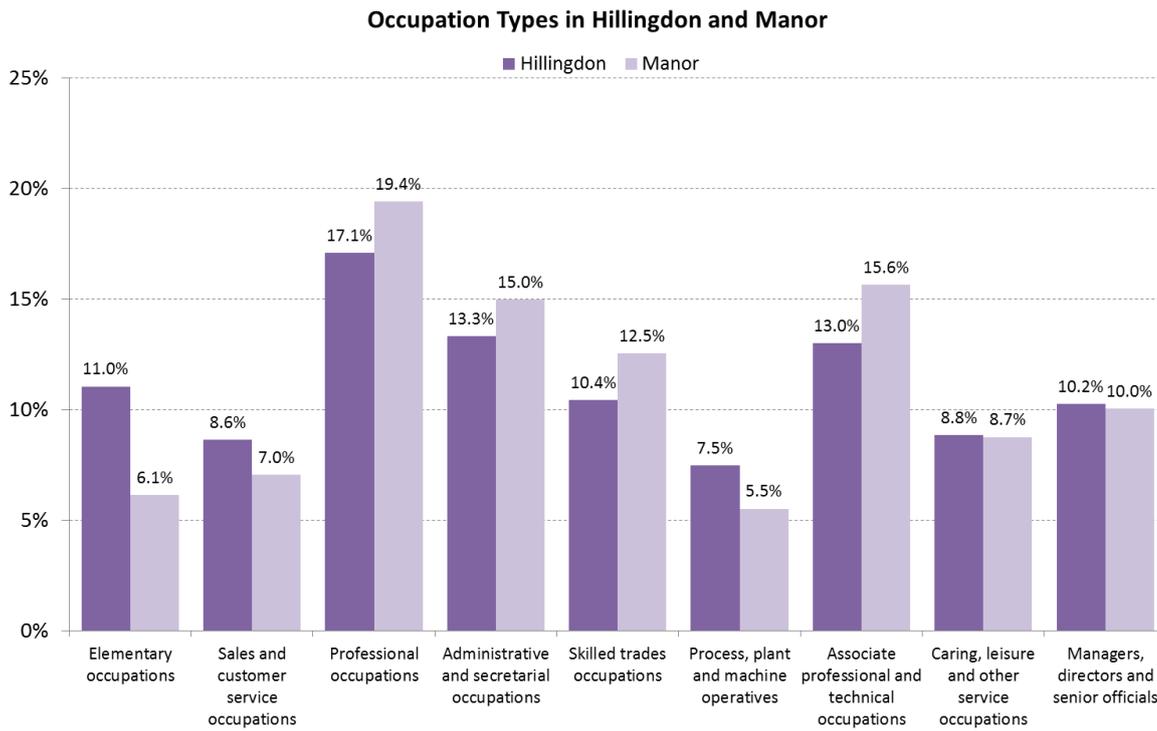
Economic Data (statistics are for the age 16-74 group)

In Manor, 76.2% of residents of working age are economically active. The table below provides a breakdown of economic activity in the ward when compared with Hillingdon and England:

Source: nomisweb – economic activity Census 2011

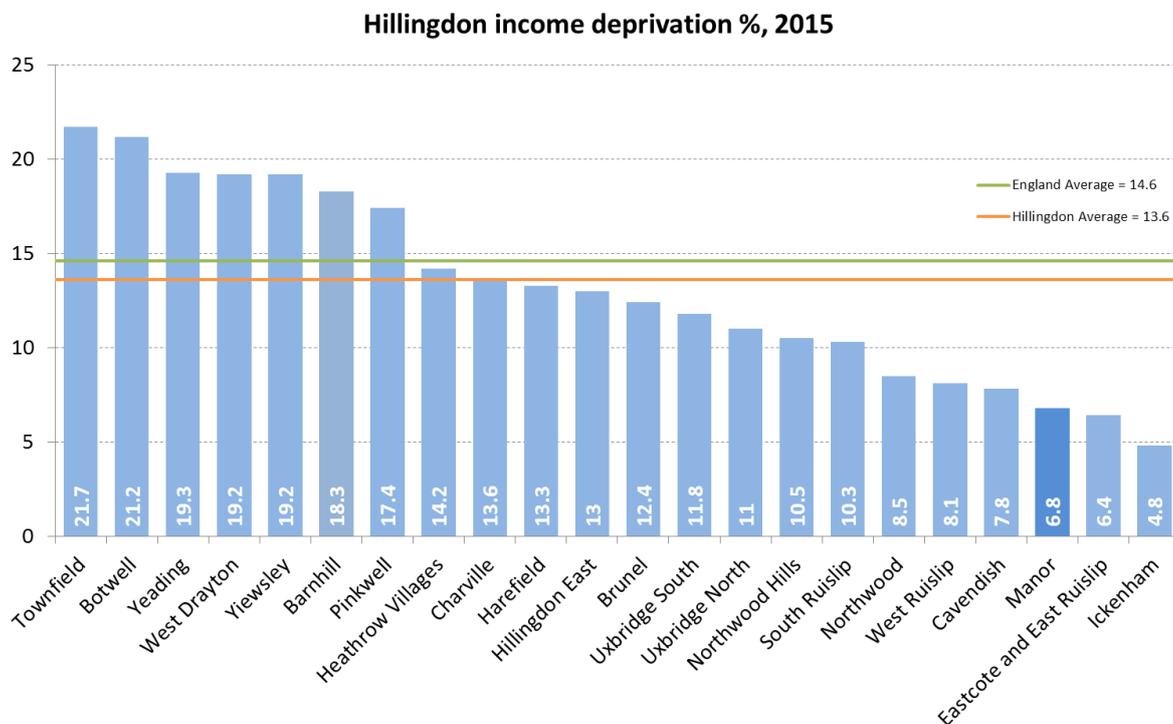
Sub Group	Manor	Hillingdon	England
Employee: Part-time	13.4%	11.9%	13.70%
Employee: Full-time	47.2%	40.4%	38.6%
Self-employed	10.2%	9.3%	9.80%
Unemployed	2.9%	4.3%	4.40%
Full-time student	2.5%	4.8%	3.40%
Total - Economically Active	76.2%	70.8%	69.9%
Retired	11.7%	10.2%	13.70%
Student	3.7%	8.4%	5.8%
Looking after home or family	4.2%	5.2%	4.4%
Long-term sick or disabled	1.6%	2.9%	4.0%
Other	1.4%	2.5%	2.20%
Total - Economically inactive	22.7%	29.2%	30.1%

Of those residents in employment, this chart provides an overview of the **Occupation Types⁹** across Manor ward:



Source: nomis web, occupation by industry, 2011

The chart below shows income deprivation being varied across Hillingdon. At ward level, the percentage of people who live in income deprived households ranges from 4.8% in Ickenham to 21.7% in Townfield. Manor is 6.8%, which is lower than the Hillingdon average (13.6%).



Source: PHE local health, 2015

⁹ for a breakdown of occupations, refer to the Glossary.

Households

In 2017, there were 4,665 households¹⁰ in Manor, an increase of 30 since Census 2011. The majority of **housing type**¹¹ within the ward is houses or bungalows (either detached, semi or terraced) at 81.4%, with 18.6% being flats or maisonettes (including those in a commercial building).

The diagram below shows the percentage of housing types at ward, borough and regional level.

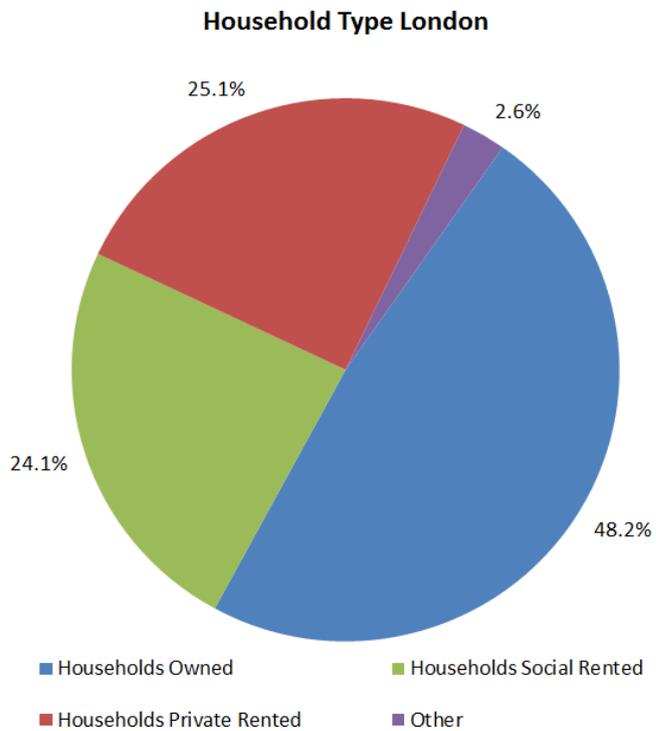
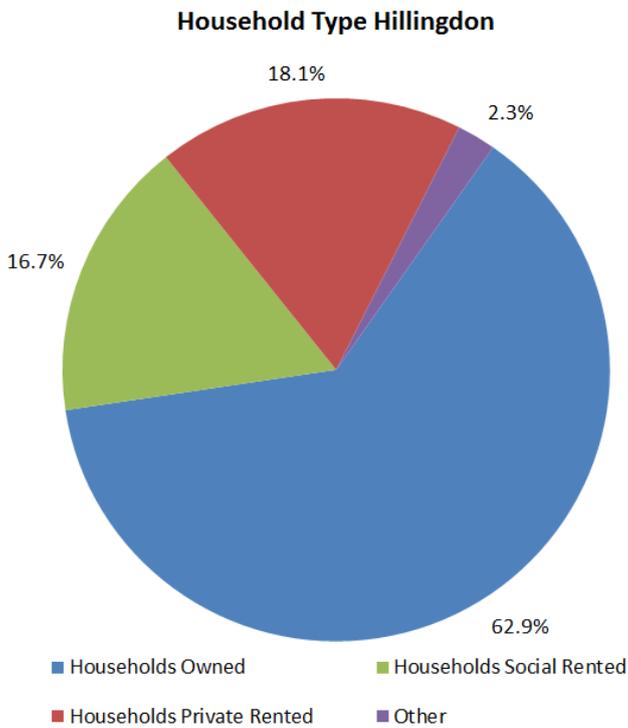
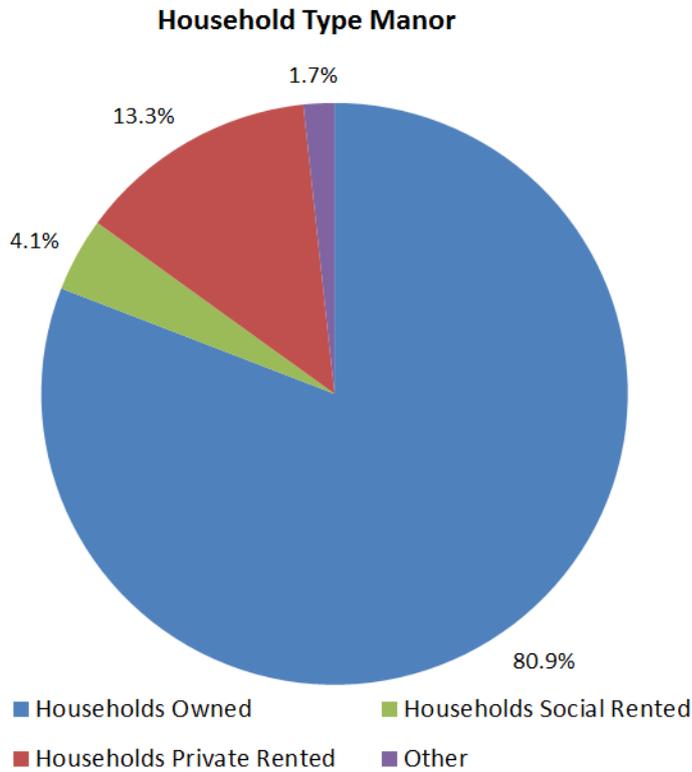
Household Type



¹⁰ Figures taken from the Electoral Register

¹¹ Household Type statistics are based on Census 2011 data (latest data)

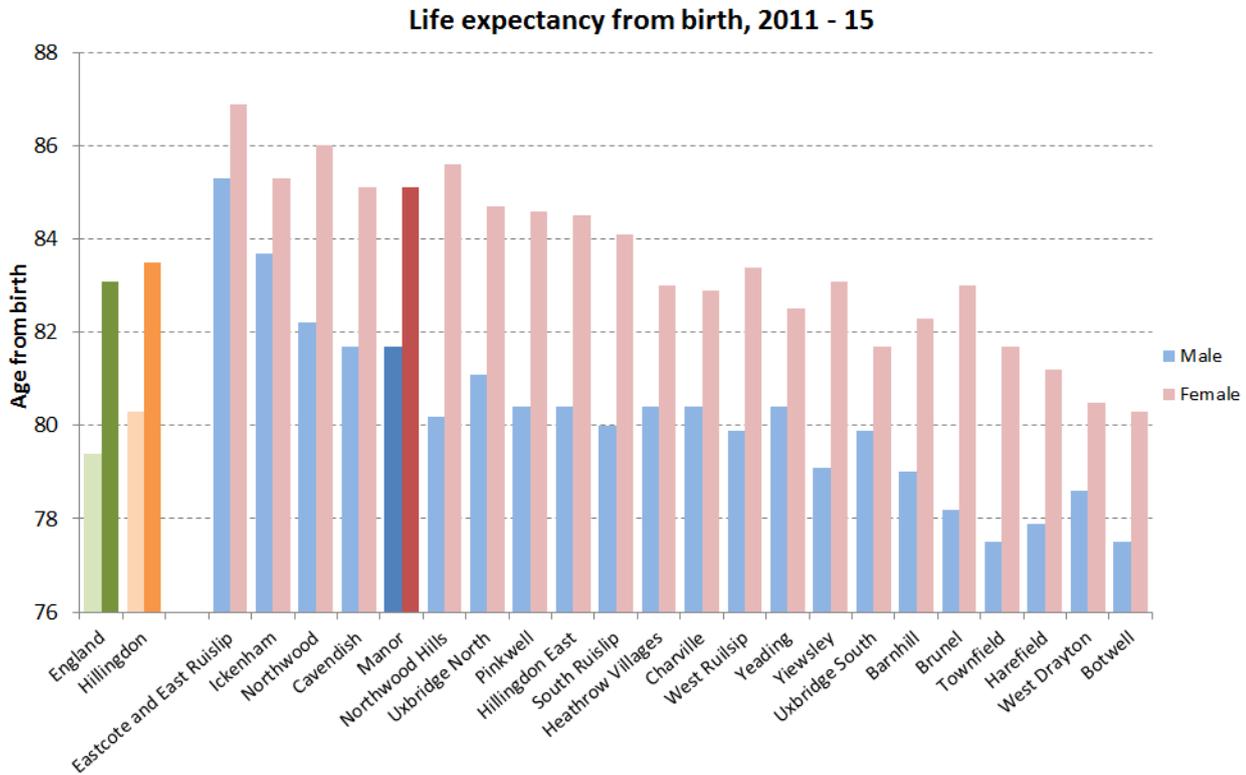
In Manor, 80.9% of ward residents own their own homes, followed by 13.3% of properties being privately rented, 4.1% socially rented from the Council and the remaining residents make up 1.7% other (eg shared ownership, living rent free).



Source: Census, 2011

Health

Life expectancy is the number of years a person is expected to live on average. In Manor, the life expectancy is estimated at 81.7 years for males and 85.1 years for females. This is above the averages for Hillingdon and England.

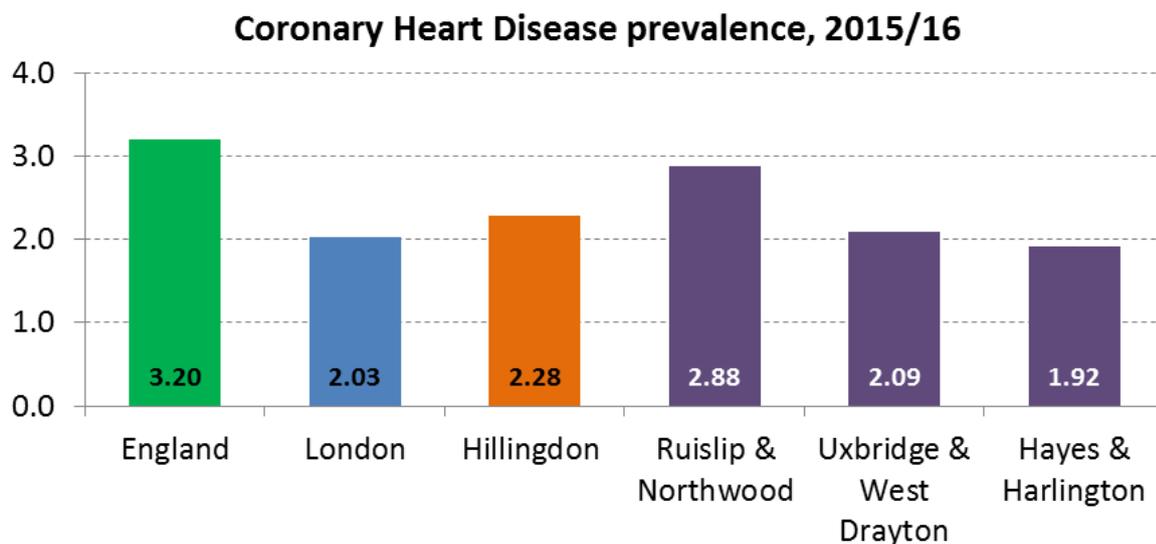


Observed Prevalence¹²

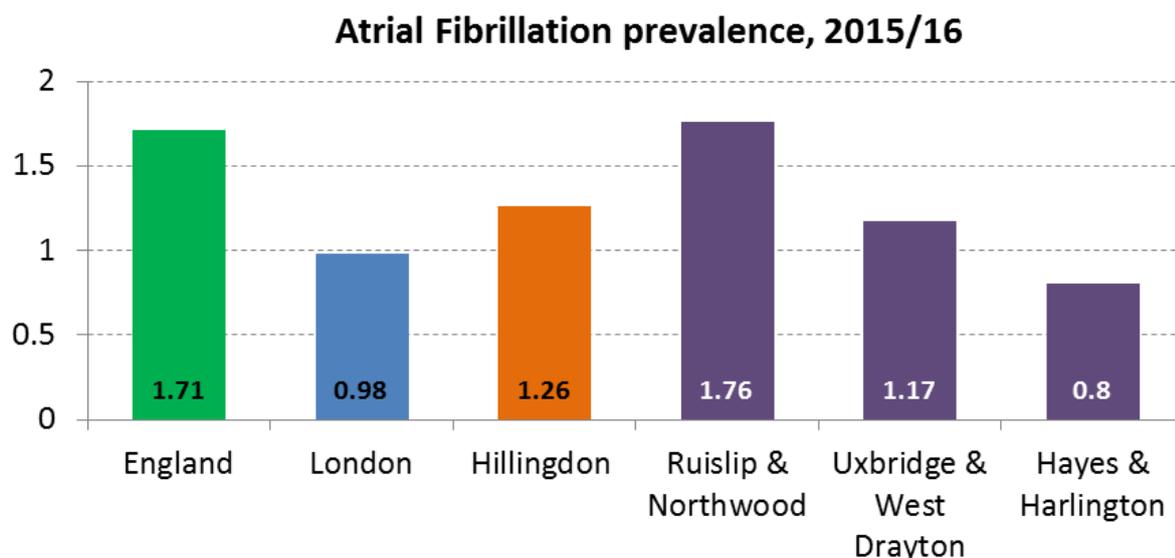
These graphs show the recorded prevalence of long term conditions from the Quality & Outcomes Framework (QOF) 2015/16. **Manor has no GP surgeries within the ward;** residents from the ward will be registered in the surrounding wards within the locality or out of the borough. The graphs show the calculated prevalence of patients on a GP register within the locality, recorded as having a given condition at England, London, borough and locality level.

Cardiovascular conditions

The prevalence of **coronary heart disease** within Ruislip & Northwood is 2.88% which is lower than England, but higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:

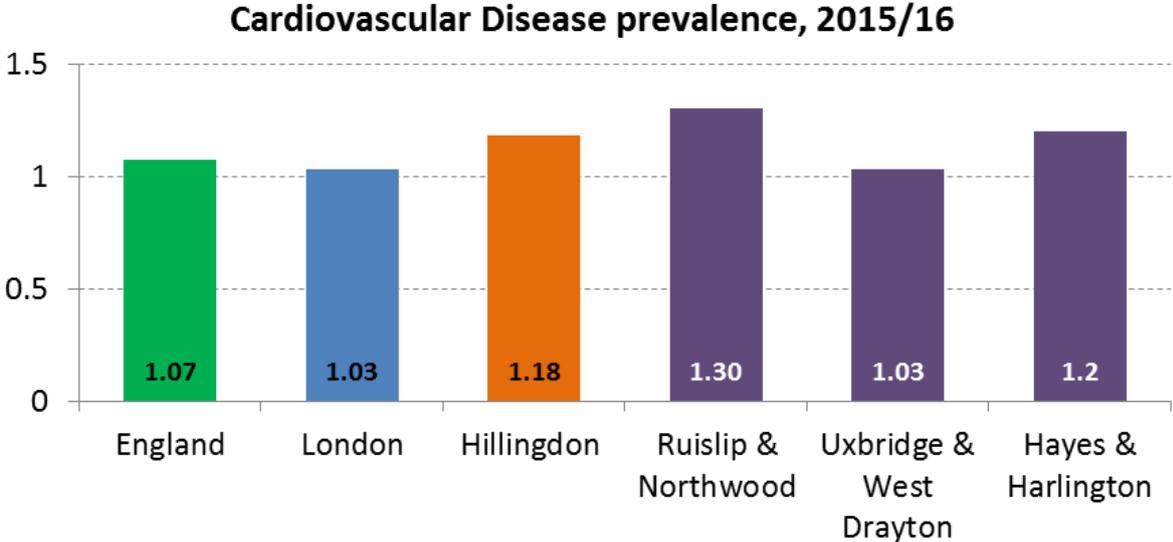


The prevalence of **atrial fibrillation** within Ruislip & Northwood is 1.76%, which is higher than England, London, Hillingdon and the other localities:

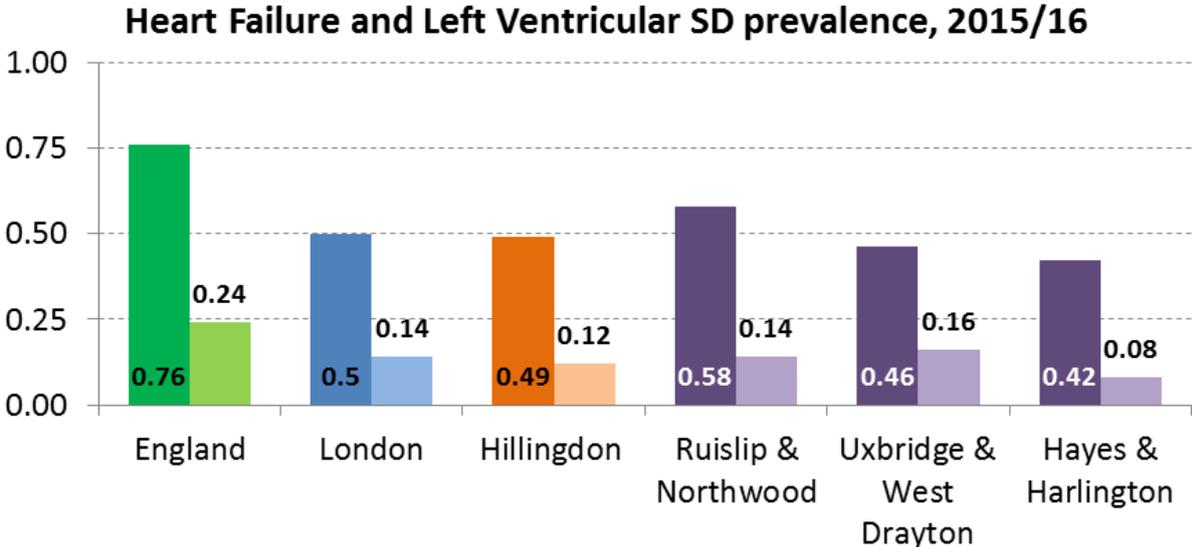


¹² Prevalence is a measurement of all individuals affected by a disease/condition at a particular time

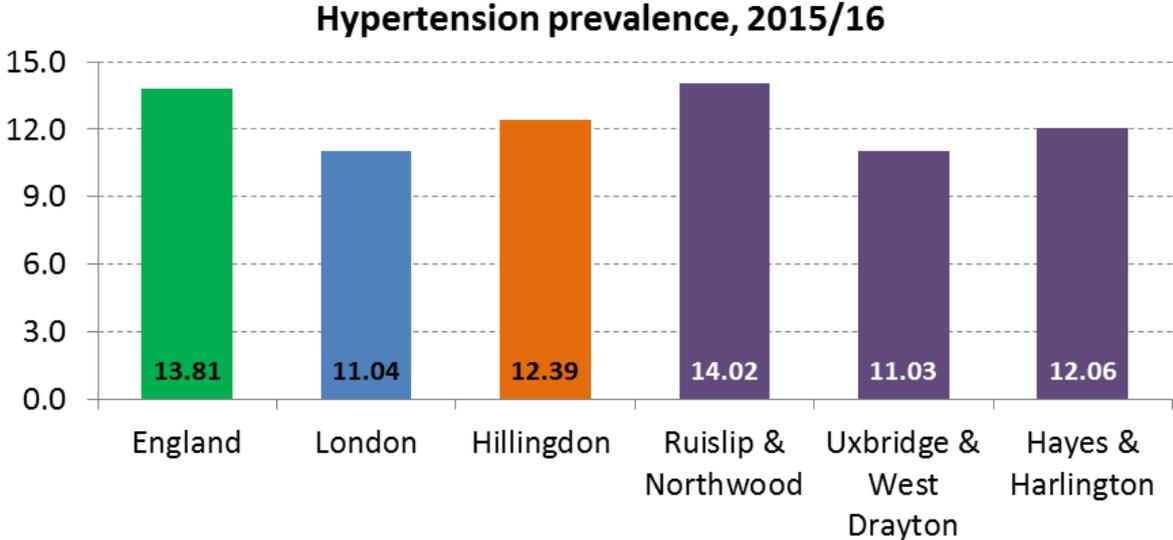
The prevalence of **cardiovascular disease** within Ruislip & Northwood is 1.30%, which is higher than England, London, Hillingdon and the other localities:



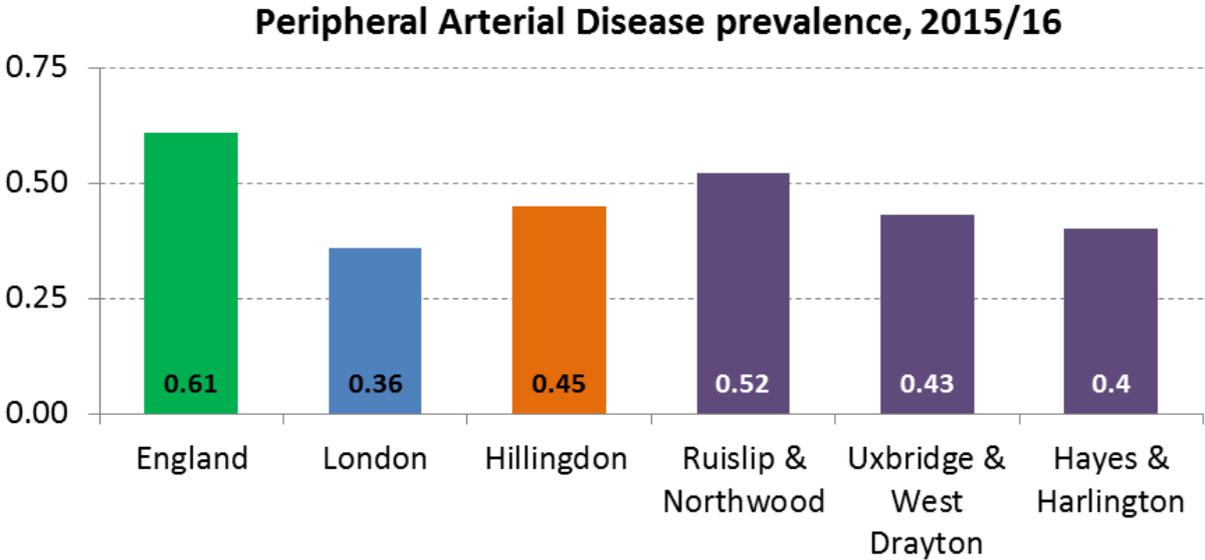
The prevalence of **heart failure** within Ruislip & Northwood is 0.58% which is lower than England, but higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities. The prevalence of **left ventricular systolic dysfunction (SD)** is 0.14% which is lower than England and Uxbridge & West Drayton, higher than Hillingdon and Hayes & Harlington, but the same as London:



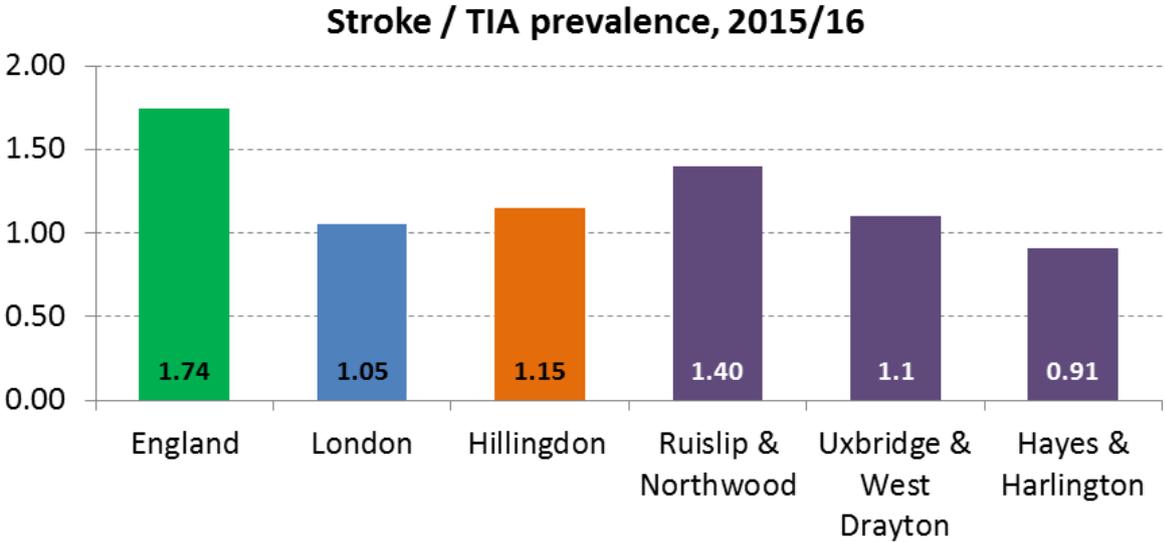
The prevalence of **hypertension** within Ruislip & Northwood is 14.02%, which is higher than England, London, Hillingdon and the other localities:



The prevalence of **peripheral arterial disease** within Ruislip & Northwood is 0.52 which is lower than England and higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:

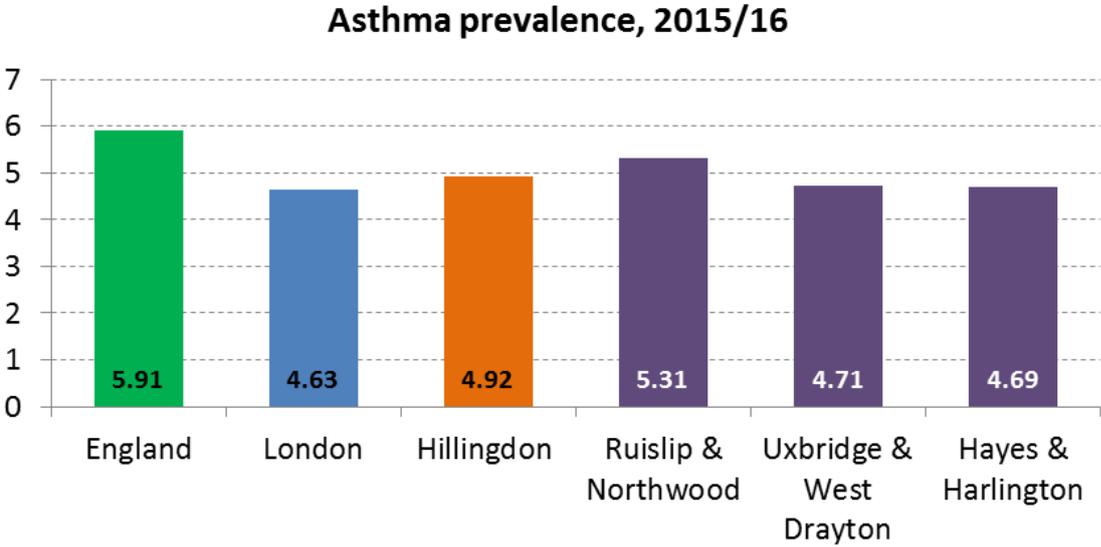


The prevalence of **stroke / transient ischaemic attack (TIA)** within Ruislip & Northwood is 1.40% which is lower than England and higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:



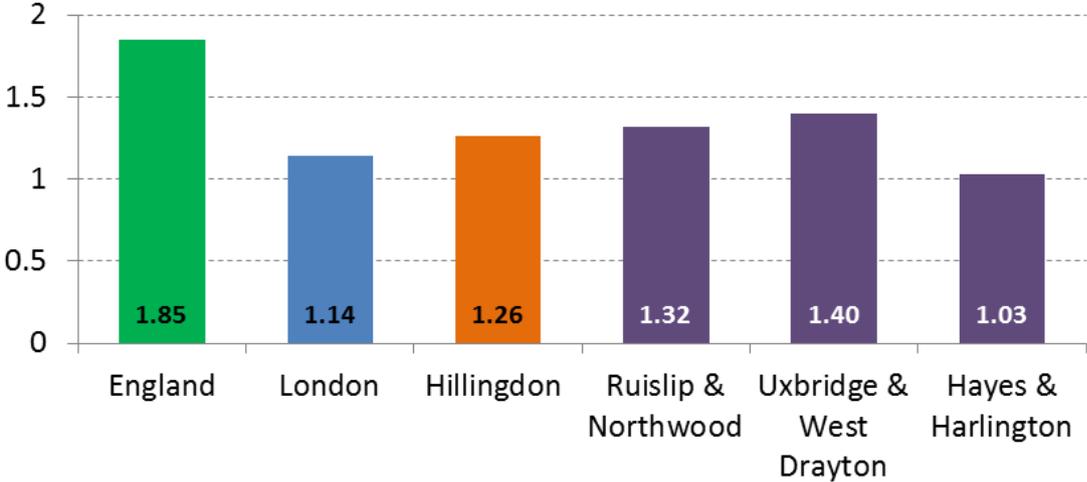
Respiratory conditions

The prevalence of **asthma** within Ruislip & Northwood is 5.31% which is lower than England and higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:



The prevalence of **chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)** within Ruislip & Northwood is 1.32% which is lower than England and Uxbridge & West Drayton, and higher than London, Hillingdon and Hayes & Harlington:

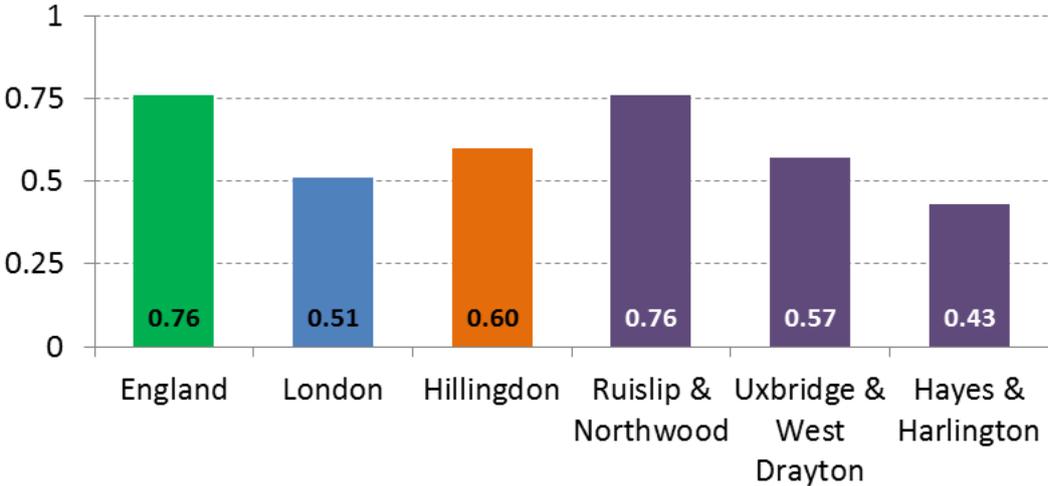
COPD prevalence, 2015/16



Mental Health and Neurology conditions

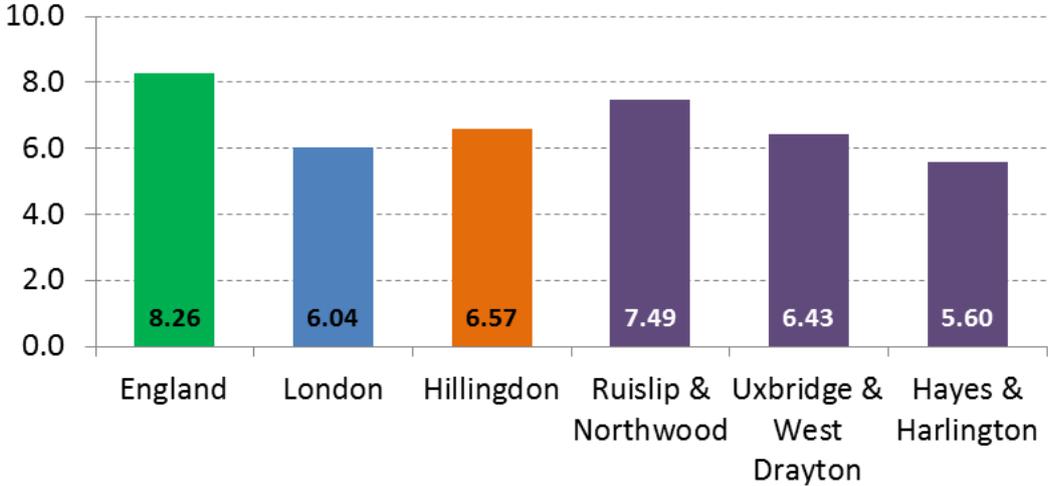
The prevalence of **dementia** within Ruislip & Northwood is 0.76% which is the same as England and lower than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:

Dementia prevalence, 2015/16



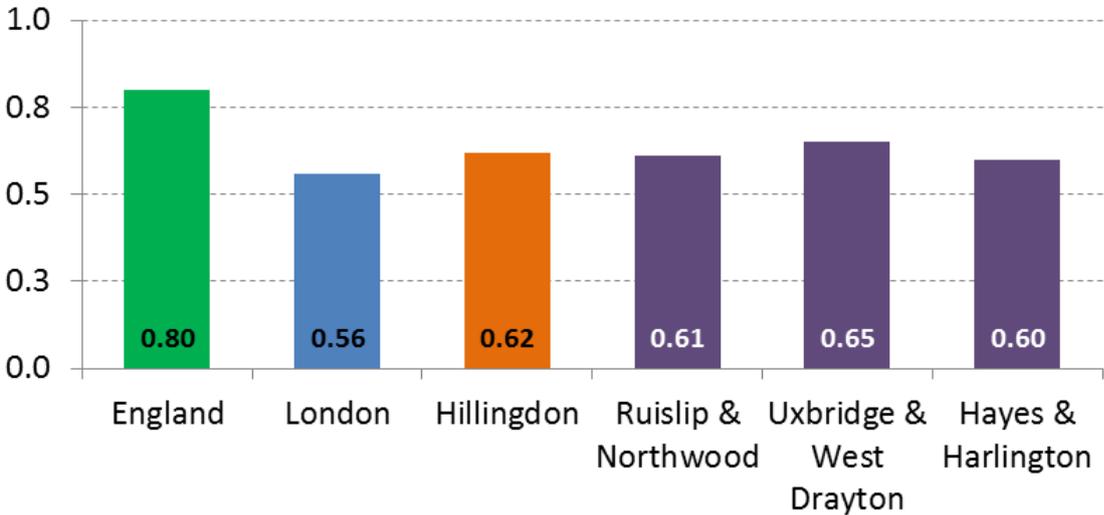
The prevalence of **depression** within Ruislip & Northwood is 7.49% which is lower than England and higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:

Depression prevalence, 2015/16

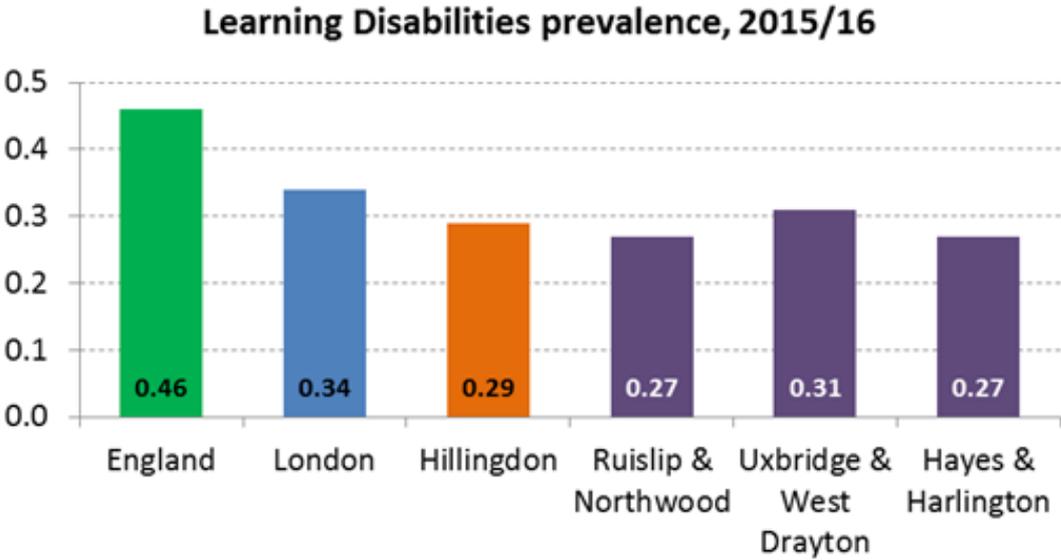


The prevalence of **epilepsy** within Ruislip & Northwood is 0.61% which is lower than England, Hillingdon and Uxbridge & West Drayton and higher than London and Hayes & Harlington:

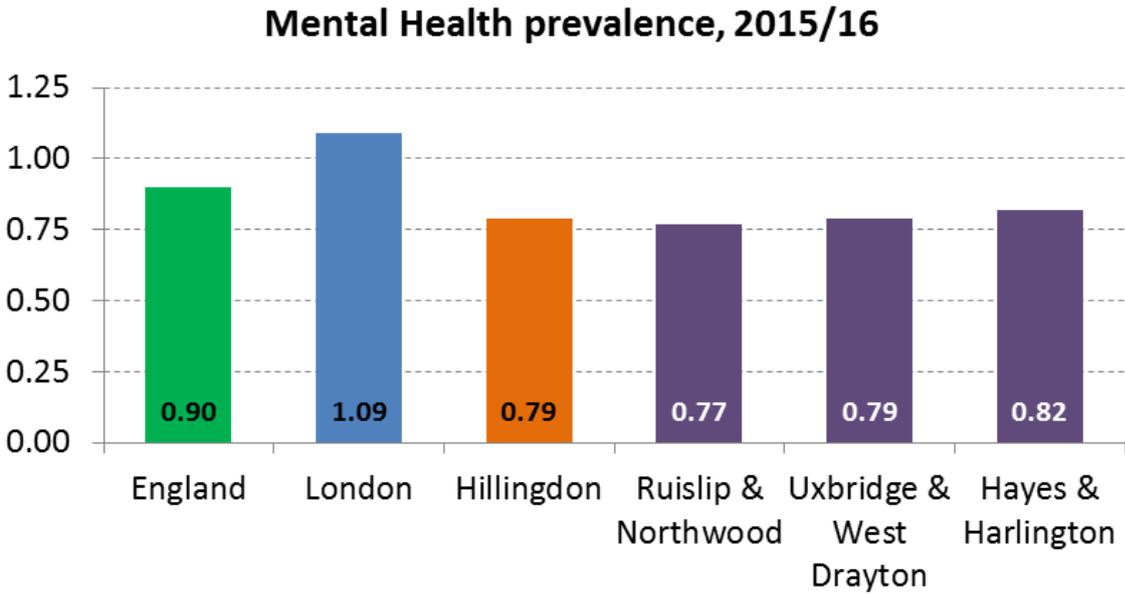
Epilepsy prevalence, 2015/16



The prevalence of **learning disabilities** within Ruislip & Northwood is 0.27% which is lower than England, London, Hillingdon, Uxbridge & West Drayton and the same as Hayes & Harlington:

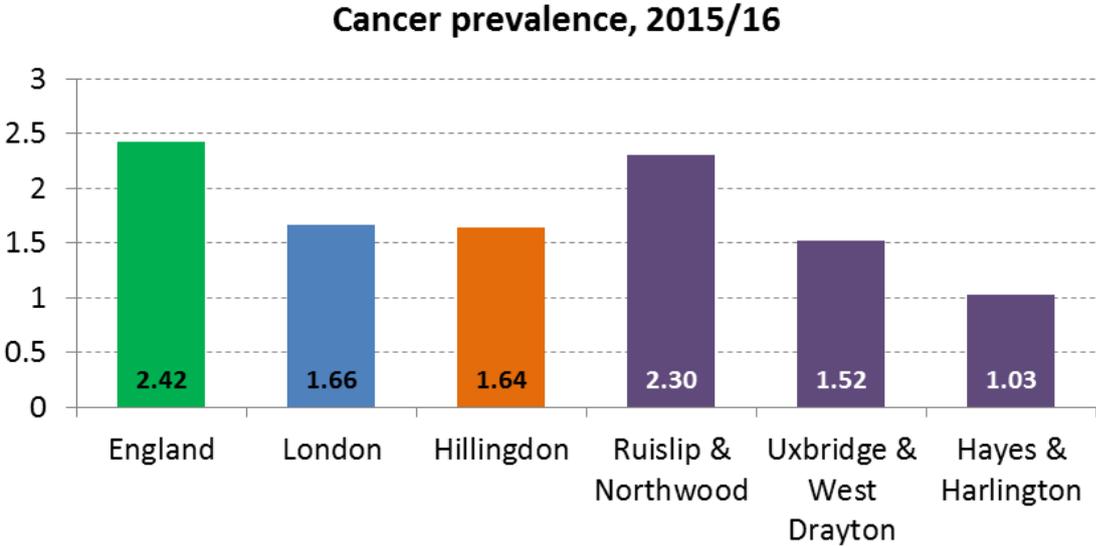


The prevalence of **mental health** within Ruislip & Northwood is 0.77% which is lower than England, London, Hillingdon and the other localities:

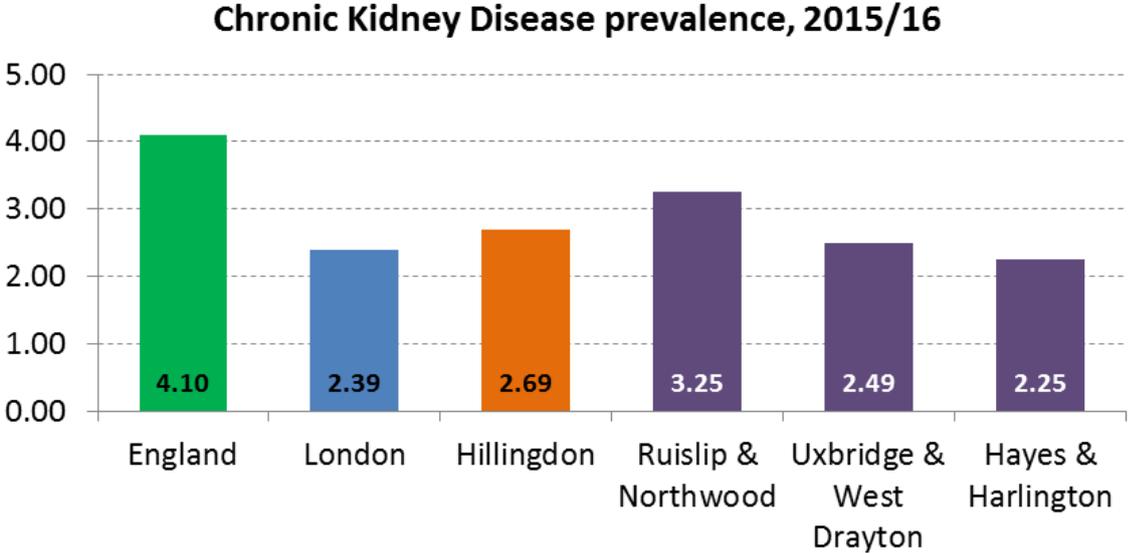


High Dependency and Long Term conditions

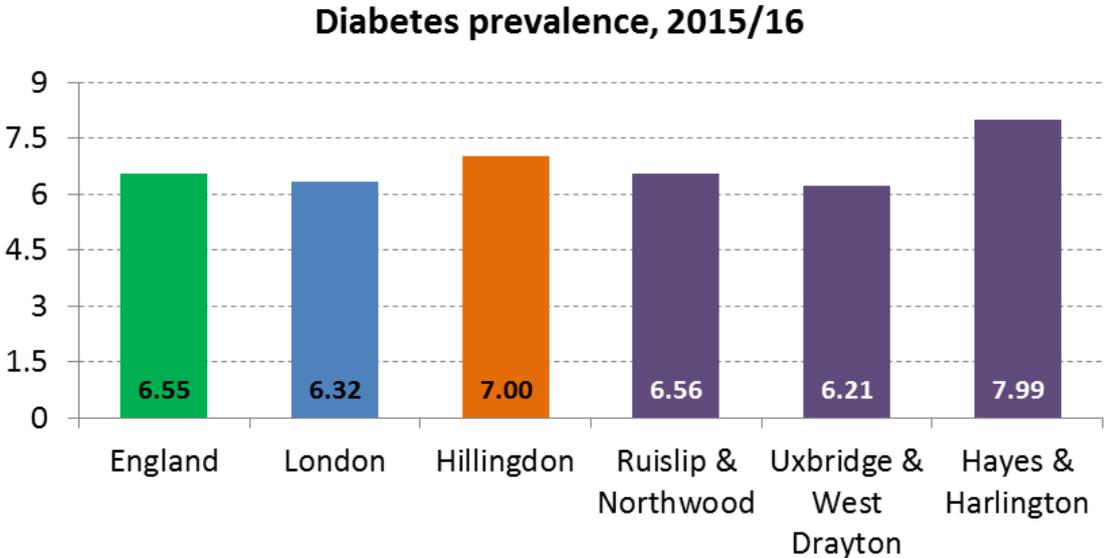
The prevalence of **cancer** within Ruislip & Northwood is 2.30% which is lower than England and higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:



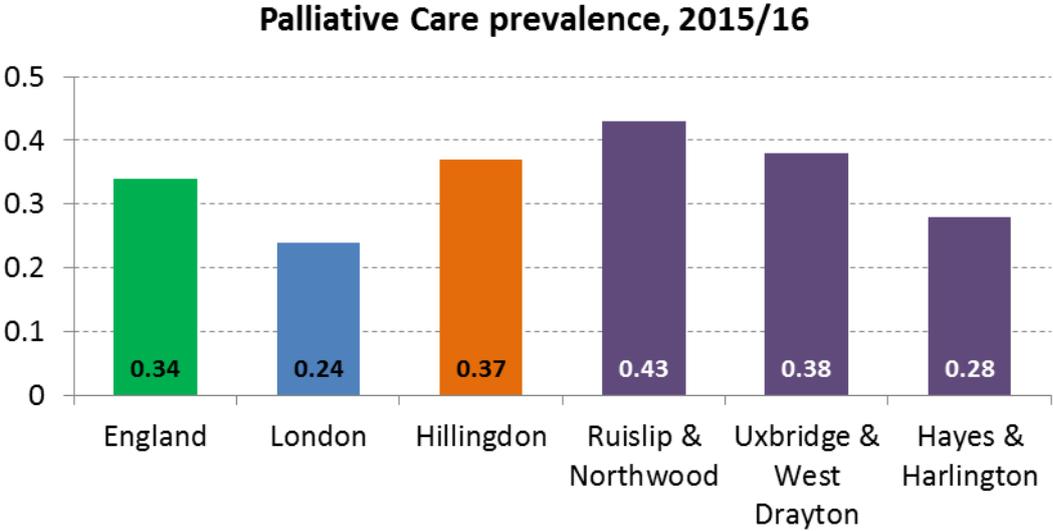
The prevalence of **chronic kidney disease** is 3.25% which is lower than England and higher than London, Hillingdon and the other localities:



The prevalence of **diabetes** within Ruislip & Northwood is 6.56% which is lower than Hillingdon and Hayes & Harlington and higher than England, London and Uxbridge & West Drayton:



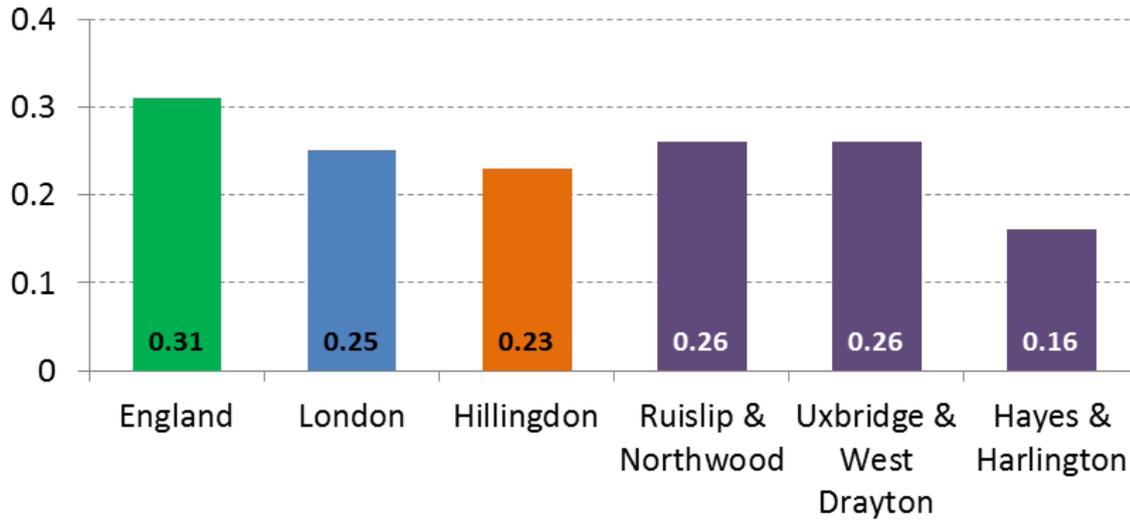
The prevalence of **palliative care** is 0.43% which is higher than England, London, Hillingdon and the other localities:



Other conditions

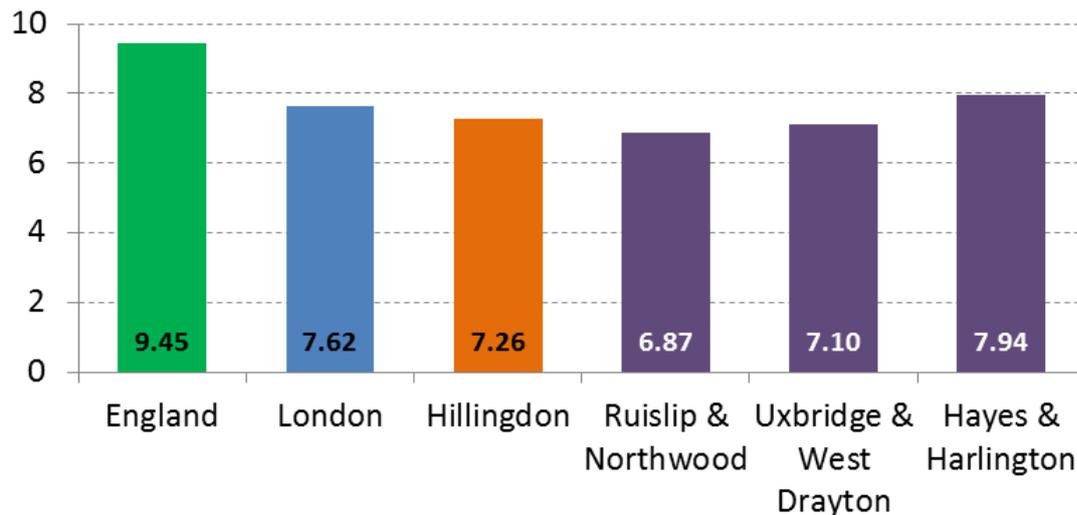
The prevalence of **osteoporosis** within Ruislip & Northwood is 0.26% which is lower than England and higher than London, Hillingdon and Hayes & Harlington, and the same as Uxbridge & West Drayton:

Osteoporosis prevalence, 2015/16



The prevalence of **obesity** in Ruislip & Northwood is 6.87% which is lower than England, London, Hillingdon and other localities:

Obesity prevalence, 2015/16



Estimated Prevalence

As **Manor has no GP surgeries** within the ward, this section cannot be completed. However, as before, residents from the ward will be registered in the surrounding wards within the locality.

Glossary

What is a Ward Profile - a Ward Profile is designed to provide economic, social data and health data for each ward based on latest available data sets, and provides an understanding of an area to assist with local service planning.

Occupation types

- Managers, Directors and Senior Officials includes
 - Corporate Managers and Directors
 - Other Managers and Proprietors
- Professional Occupations include
 - Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Professionals
 - Health Professionals
 - Teaching and Educational Professionals
 - Business, Media and Public Service Professionals
- Associate Professional and Technical Occupations includes
 - Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals
 - Health and Social Care Associate Professionals
 - Protective Service Occupations
 - Culture, Media and Sports Occupations
 - Business and Public Service Associate Professionals
- Administrative and Secretarial Occupations includes
 - Administrative Occupations
 - Secretarial and Related Occupations
- Skilled Trades Occupations
 - Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades
 - Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades
 - Skilled Construction and Building Trades
 - Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades
- Caring, Leisure and Other Service Occupations
 - Caring Personal Service Occupations
 - Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations
- Sales and Customer Service Occupations
 - Sales Occupations
 - Customer Service Occupations
- Process, Plant and Machine Operatives
 - Process, Plant and Machine Operatives
 - Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives
- Elementary Occupations
 - Elementary Trades and Related Occupations
 - Elementary Administration and Service Occupations

Links to pages on useful websites

- [Councillor Details](#)
- [Member of Parliament for Manor](#)
- [Find my nearest](#)
- [NOMIS \(official labour market statistics\)](#)
- [Ward level well-being scores \(GLA\)](#)
- [Ward profiles \(GLA\)](#)
- [Public Health England](#)